

THE RICHMOND DISPATCH.
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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1898.

Friends of the Dispatch would do us a favor by informing us promptly of any failure on the part of newsmen, or newsmen on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper. Information is also desired by us of the delinquency of any carrier of ours in Richmond, Manchester, or elsewhere.

Mail subscribers are likewise invited to report to us whenever their papers come late or irregularly.

JUDGE DALY'S CASE.

Among the officers to be chosen by the votes of the people of New York on the 8th proximo are three or four justices of the Supreme Court—next to the highest State court. Judge Daly, who has hitherto been a Democrat, has filled one of these positions for twenty-eight years. That he has given fair satisfaction on the bench is admitted; yet when Tammany made its nominations it left him off its ticket.

It seems that the Judge has never taken any interest in his party's affairs. That he ever asked Judge Daly to do anything for him personally, Mr. Croker most positively denies; but the Judge had been requested to give a clerkship to another Mr. Daly, which he declined to do.

Mr. Croker and his associates made no bones of saying that they had no fault to find with Judge Daly, except that he failed to show any sympathy with the party organization. The Judge is one of those Democratic office-holders who hold office at the hands of their party without ever having it to occur to them that they ought to be grateful. They share the fruits of Democratic victory without contributing to that end.

Far be it from us to say that a Judge ought to become an active, bustling politician. No, indeed. There are other ways for him to show that he is a Democrat and that he is appreciative of the labors of the party's committees and clubs and that such as "party workers." Political parties are recognized as essential to the welfare of this country, but they could never be kept together if they were to spend their efforts year in and year out in behalf of men who do not so much as say "thank you" for keeping them in office.

Having been turned down by Tammany, Daly was nominated by the Republicans, and very promptly accepted their nomination. Tammany nominated Mr. Leventritt.

At the meeting of the Bar Association of New York on Saturday night its Committee on Nominations reported that Mr. Leventritt's professional and moral standing is low, and that his presence upon the bench would be less of an honor and more of a disgrace to the bar.

If these are facts Tammany has made a great blunder in nominating Mr. Leventritt. Doubtless it was justified in seeking another man than Judge Daly for the party nomination, but out of the great multitude of Democratic lawyers in the city of New York surely it could have found Daly's equal. We say, if these are facts, because we are not yet ready to accept the judgment of the Bar Association. We do not know how many members of the association were present when its action was taken. We do know, however, that Mr. Leventritt was tried and condemned in his absence, and certainly that was not as it should have been. It is true that after the committee's report was formulated it occurred to some of the members present that a form of trial should be gone through with, and one lawyer for the prosecution and another for the defense were thereupon appointed and arguments were duly made pro and con. But it nowhere appears that Mr. Leventritt himself had an opportunity to appear in person before the committee of investigation. If he had been given that opportunity he might have made explanations that would have removed some, if not all, of the objections that have been urged against him. But not the Bar Association did not proceed that way; hence it will find its support very much weakened—unless the people of the city of New York are less fair-minded than we have always supposed them to be.

The chief charge against Mr. Leventritt is that while he was a member of a certain law firm, and when he had been at the bar but a few years, he was guilty of irregularities in a divorce suit; but the gentleman who undertook his defense before the Bar Association stated positively that the offense alleged was not rightly chargeable to Leventritt, but to one of his partners. Mr. Leventritt is out in a statement saying that he was in Europe at the time. Noah Davis, who was the Judge of the court where the case was heard, says that Mr. Leventritt was not personally responsible, and that he is sorry the matter has been revived after a lapse of twenty years, in which Mr. Leventritt has made a good name for himself. Mr. Croker, for his part, declares that the Bar Association is a Republican annex, run by Root and Choate.

We wish there were less of the one-man power in Tammany, but bossism is the fashion in politics in many of the States north of us. While Mr. Croker lords it over Tammany, Mr. Platt lords it over the Republicans—yes, even over the great political reformer, Colonel Roosevelt, who has spent a great part of his public life in preaching independence of bosses.

There are perils also, it appears, in the street-car business.

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FORAKER AND PHILIPPINES.

In a campaign speech he made Friday, Senator Foraker stated that he hoped we would have the Philippines, and then informed his audience that there "were four hundred" of the islands in all, and that when we got them "we would have islands to burn."

The reference of the senior senator from Ohio to the diversion in which we could engage should we annex the Philippines, confirms that gentleman's claim to the sobriquet of "Fire-Alarm Foraker." And, indeed, it would seem that he revels in the distinction and would not have the public forget that he is entitled to it.

But the little matter of pardonable personal vanity and evidence of self-inflation in a title apart, we can pardon this weakness, if weakness it was, in view of the value of the speech to the public in one single point. Mr. Foraker informed us positively that there were four hundred Philippine Islands in all, thus showing that he knows more about the Philippines than any other authority, living or dead. The British Encyclopedia says that the number of the islands is believed to exceed 1,400. Appleton's Cyclopaedia says there are in the group nine larger and nearly twelve hundred smaller islands. Several other "authorities" on the Philippines are silent as to the question, and discreetly confine themselves to estimating the number of square miles in the archipelago.

Mr. Foraker has relieved the public mind of a great doubt as to the number of the Philippine Islands. Moreover, he has relieved the public mind in another particular. As there are only 400, instead of 1,300 or 1,400 islands, the labor of carrying out our policy of "humanity"—that is, of civilizing the pagan Malays and Negritos, and the piratical Mohammedans by the gunpowder process—will be less difficult than most persons had been led to expect. It will be much easier and much more convenient than had been thought to corral Mr. Hanna's new wards and dose them with the civilizing remedy we have employed for so many years in making good Indians.

PALMER'S PERFORMANCE.

Ex-Senator John M. Palmer is out in a card stating that he will vote for Isaac N. Mills, the Republican candidate in the Seventeenth Illinois District. Furthermore, a special to the New York Tribune from Decatur, Ill., says that Palmer is to be in that city next Thursday night "to preside over a Republican meeting, to be addressed by W. D. Bynum, one of the Democratic sound-money leaders."

How is this performance for the erstwhile embodiment of the "only Simon-pure Democracy?" What say the Gold Democrats of Virginia to their former leader's training prominently with the party whose head and front is pursuing the policy of fostering negro office-holders upon the people?

If this last summersault of Palmer's and he has thrown many in his day—does not open the eyes of the Democrats who followed after pinch-neck political gods in 1896, and bring them back to the house of their fathers, what will?

As we have frequently stated, we have no quarrel with our erring Democratic brethren who supported the Palmer-Buckner ticket. We parted with them in sadness, not in anger. Many of them, we believe, were sincere, though woefully mistaken. Consequently, it is in no ungenerous or exultant spirit that we say, "We told you so." But what we told them has been demonstrated to be the exact fact. We said that behind the Palmer and Buckner movement was a huge Republican "bamboozling" game. Now Palmer and Bynum come into open court and confess we were correct.

THE SAME OLD PARTY.

The Republican party can no more change its character and its instincts than the leopard can change its spots or the Ethiopian can change his skin. In the matter of the treatment of the South it has the same disposition that it had in Reconstruction days. In those days its disposition and its policy were to humiliate the southern people in every way possible, and one form of humiliation it subjected us to consisted in appointing negro office-holders for this section.

Mr. McKinley, true to the character, instincts, disposition, and policy of his party, is sprinkling the South over with negro postmasters. A few days ago Franklin county, Va., had a taste of this humiliation, and judging from the experience of some of the other Southern States, it was but a suggestion of the dose of humiliation that is in store for us. Hence, we say to the Democrats of Virginia, that in this campaign they are fighting the same old party they have been fighting ever since the war.

The bureaucrats are still trying hard to make Sampson a hero, but they will never succeed, never. Sampson is not of heroic material. The heroes of the war with Spain are Dewey, Lee, Hobson, Schley, Bagley, Wheeler, and Roosevelt—five sevenths of whom, it may be perceived, are of southern birth and lineage, and a half of the seven, indeed, as Roosevelt is half a southerner, his mother having been a Georgian.

MCKINLEY AND RACIAL LINES.

In a speech made at Chicago on Sunday night, at a meeting held to usher in the festivities of the peace jubilee, which that city is going to hold for the promotion of trade and the brotherhood of man, Professor Booker Washington, among other things, said:

"In this presence, and on this auspicious occasion, I want to present to you a picture of nearly ten millions of people who are poor, patient, and brave. Chief Executive for the generous manner in which my race has been recognized during this conflict—a recognition that has done more to blot out sectional and racial lines than any event since the dawn of our freedom."

Washington is at the head of a negro college at Tuskegee, Ala., and is usually conservative in his utterances. From time to time he has given his race much good advice; but he ought to know that that statement of his is mere nonsense.

There has been no "blotting out" of sectional lines, and there will not be, until sectional legislation ceases. So long as Republican congresses pass laws that enrich the North at the expense of our section, it is the height of folly to talk about "blotting out" sectional lines. And as to the blotting out of racial lines, that will never be done so long as the black man is black and the white man is white.

Why, only last week in Abraham Lincoln's State of Illinois, there was a race riot, where more men were killed than the Americans lost in that celebrated charge that has made Roosevelt famous!

And only last week it was discovered that the Post-Office Department had appointed a negro postmaster at Junta, Va. The result of that appointment, as is well known, has greatly incensed our people, and no white man—Republican, McKinleyite, or what not—can be found willing to admit that he aided or abetted the appointment.

Of all the white Republican leaders in Virginia, not one comes forward and says "I endorsed the application; I am glad Twyman was appointed." No; not one! So, there you have two recent instances showing that the war with Spain has had no effect upon racial lines. And mark you, one of these instances was in the Northwest and the other in the South.

Instead of congratulating the McKinley Administration upon "blotting out" racial lines, it could be more honestly charged with deepening and broadening them. Mr. McKinley has been persistent in making appointments of negroes to positions where they must come into contact with the whites, and he has kept the race issue prominent ever since he has been in office. Booker Washington and his tribe may tickle northern ears with as much nonsense as they please, but whoever reads the newspapers and stops to think for himself, must know that the racial line is just where it has been for unnumbered centuries, and where it is likely to remain to the end of time.

THE CARY LECTURESHIP.

In the annual report of the Committee on Educational Work of the Christian Woman's Board of Missions, a body auxiliary to the Christian Church, now holding its general convention at Chattanooga, special mention is made of the Bible lectureship of the University of Virginia, founded by Colonel John B. Cary, of this city. He pledged his support to this work during his lifetime, and the committee is assured by T. Archibald Cary on behalf of his mother, Mrs. Columbia Cary, Miss Gillie Cary, Mrs. Lizzie Daniel, Mrs. Effie White, and himself that \$10,000 will be given to the Christian Woman's Board of Missions as the minimum amount for the endowment of the University of Virginia Bible lectureship, founded by Colonel Cary. The committee recommended that the Bible teaching at the University of Virginia be considered a permanent part of the board's Bible chair work. The committee further recommended that the grateful appreciation of the gift, together with the sympathy and love of the convention, be tendered to the family of the great and good man who made the donation, with the prayer that the Father's richest blessing may rest upon them, and that they may be comforted with the comfort that God alone can bestow.

Our Bedford correspondent is persuaded that Miss Betsey Cressy, of that county, is 105 years old, and, moreover, she is represented as being "marvellously well-preserved, bright, cheerful, and active." Her vision is also said to be "so perfect that she can read, write, and thread the finest needle without the aid of glasses"—the result of second sight. But, as yet, we have not "indisputable evidence" of her great age. The chief testimony on that point is that of a lady who says her own grandmother, who has been dead some years, was younger by a year than Miss Betsey, and had she lived she would now be 104 years old.

It may be that Miss Betsey is a centenarian, but we must say the "indisputable evidence" that we have spoken of as lacking in so many other cases has not yet been furnished in this instance. However, we trust it soon will be furnished, for we should much like to find at least one thoroughly proved centenarian in Virginia.

This is the day for China's Emperor to be alive. "Satisfactory assurances," it is reported, "have been given to Sir Claude MacDonald as to his health," which is interpreted to mean that he is safe as well as sound, since there couldn't very well be any question about his health if he were a dead man.

The first white woman to reach the Klondike—Mrs. Grignon, wife of a wealthy Yukoner—died in Seattle, Sunday. She didn't have a very long time in which to enjoy her gold. Man and woman propose, etc.

The Anarchists who provided the bombs for Emperor William had also matured a plot to assassinate King Humbert, of Italy, it appears. The head that wears a crown those days has to employ a large force of detectives.

Baltimore is now rapidly putting its electric wires underground. We trust it will not be long before Richmond will feel itself financially and otherwise in position to follow suit.

To-day Porto Rico becomes ours in its entirety. What will we do with it?

Cyclone Jim.

(Buchanan Banner.) Judge J. W. Marshall was in town yesterday on a route home, and his many friends insisted upon him remaining over to make us a speech in behalf of Quarles. The Judge consented and he was at his best. He held his audience for fully an hour and was listened to with great attention. His speech was one of the ablest ever delivered in the town. He had just come Southwest, where he had been speaking for Judge Rhea.

Greenboro Won.

(Special.)—The Greensboro foot-ball team defeated the Melrose High-School team this afternoon, 23 to 0. The star plays were made by Warton, Glimmer, and Buchanan, of Greensboro.

HOWARD GOULD AND BRIDE.

They Visit Newport News—A Big Crowd.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., October 17.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gould, accompanied by a few friends, and all attired in yachting costumes, except the bride, arrived here this morning from Old Point Comfort and visited the shipyard at the invitation of General-Manager Walter A. Post. Captain Shackford, the master of the yacht Niagara, piloted the party to the yard, where several officials accompanied the ladies and gentlemen through the various plants. Mrs. Gould attracted considerable attention on account of her beauty and refinement. The party arrived by the electric line, and returned on the same road this afternoon. It is understood that the Gould party will leave to-morrow for Washington.

The Chesapeake and Ohio freighter Rapidan, the largest vessel used exclusively for freight purposes to pass the Virginia Capes, arrived here yesterday afternoon on her third trip out from Liverpool with an immense cargo of imports. On her last trip from Newport News the Rapidan carried 750 cars of cargo and 350 head of cattle, the largest cargo that has ever passed out of the capes. When she sails next week she will take 800 cars of cargo and 400 head of cattle. This will be the largest number of cattle shipped on one vessel from the Hampton Roads port or any other port on the Atlantic coast. The Chesapeake and Ohio people have received orders to load the Rapidan with the largest possible dispatch, and the big ship will be ready to leave again in a few days.

Commodore Robley D. Evans arrived at Old Point on Saturday to spend several days with his family at their picturesque home, just outside of Fort Monroe, on the military boulevard along Hampton Roads.

The Ministers' Association of Newport News was organized this morning, with the following members: Rev. E. T. Wellford, First Presbyterian church; F. J. Ribble, St. Paul's Episcopal church; Rev. R. F. Lipscomb, Washington-Avenue Methodist church; Rev. W. R. Motley, Christ Church Episcopal church; Rev. T. J. MacKay, Second Baptist church; Rev. M. S. Clonney, Jr., Chestnut-Avenue Methodist church; General-Secretary C. C. Kent, Jr., Young Men's Christian Association, and R. L. Redding, superintendent of the Union College of the South.

Information was received here to-day of the marriage of Mr. W. H. L. Kent, of this city, and Miss Mattie Eleanor Moore, of Williamson, N. C., at Tremont Temple, Boston, on last Wednesday. Mr. Kent is manager for the National Brewing Company, and his marriage was quite a surprise to his friends, who were of the opinion that he went to Boston to arrange for the machinery for the new ice-plant, which his company will shortly build.

Sam Hall, the negro saloonkeeper, of Bloodfield, who shot and killed Private Jacob Altmeir, both of Company I, 16th Indiana Regiment, on August 18th last, will be tried in the County Court next Monday. Judge Baker P. Lee will sit in this case.

Christian Church Statistics.

(Chattanooga Times.)

The Churches of Christ, or Disciples of Christ, or Reformers, are now holding their national convention in the city of Chattanooga, Tenn.

This body represents a constituency of 1,000,431, of whom there are—whites, 888,613; colored, 111,818.

The membership by States is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: State and Membership. Includes Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

Total 989,613

Colored 111,818

Total 1,101,431

There are also in foreign lands 9,568, as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Country and Membership. Includes Australia, Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Japan, Russia, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Poland, Austria, Hungary, Switzerland, Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg, Portugal, Spain, Greece, Turkey, Persia, India, China, Japan, Korea, Philippines, Formosa, Siam, Cambodia, Laos, Annam, Tonkin, Cochin-China, Siam, Cambodia, Laos, Annam, Tonkin, Cochin-China.

Total 9,568

Total by States 1,101,431

Grand total 1,111,000

The Average Man.

(Margaret E. Westcott, in Harper's Weekly.) When it comes to a question of trusting yourself to the risks of the road, when the thing is a matter of burdens, the lifting the heft of a load, in the hour of peril or trial, in the hour you meet your own, you may safely depend on the wisdom and skill of the average man.

"Is the average man and so other? Who does his plain duty each day, On the commonplace bit of the way, The thing that is to be done, Who pilots us, still in the van, Over land, over sea, as we travel, Just the plain, hardy, average man."

So on through the days of existence, All mingling in shadow and shine, We march on the great, important, Whom haply the gods may divide, And who wears the swarth grime of his calling, And who earns as he can, And stands at the last with the noblest, The commonplace average man.

Greensboro Won.

(Special.)—The Greensboro foot-ball team defeated the Melrose High-School team this afternoon, 23 to 0. The star plays were made by Warton, Glimmer, and Buchanan, of Greensboro.

Verdicts.

(Special.)—The County Court of Dinwiddie to-day indicted were returned against W. G. Baldwin and T. L. Feltz, charging them with the murder of Henry Hawks, at Wilson Station, on the 16th ultimo. When the killing occurred Feltz and Baldwin were on the train, and Feltz was the driver. W. Hawks, the son of the deceased, on the charge of conspiracy, of which H. W. Hawks was recently found guilty by Justice Eley, of Suffolk. The cases will be heard at the November term of the court. On motion for continuance, made by counsel for Baldwin and Feltz, the court postponed the cases. Baldwin and Feltz are private detectives. In the employment of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DEMOCRATIC CANVASS.

Appointments for Public Speaking in This State.

State Democratic Committee, Room 82, Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Richmond, Va.

The following appointments for public speaking are announced:

HON. THOMAS S. MARTIN.

Brunswick (court), October 24th.

Surry (court), October 25th.

Charlotte (court), November 7th.

HON. JOHN F. RIXEY.

Stafford (court), October 19th.

Fauquier (court), October 24th.

HON. SYDNEY P. EPES.

Netoway (court), November 3d.

Greensville (court), November 7th.

HON. JAMES HAY.

Harrisonburg (court), October 17th (court).

Luray (court), October 24th (court).

Charlottesville, November 7th (court).

HON. SAMUEL W. WILLIAMS.

Grayson (court), October 18th (court).

HON. H. D. FLOOD.

Augusta (court), October 24th.

Netoway (court), November 3d.

Greensville (court), November 7th.

HON. P. J. OTLEY.

Roanoke City, October 17th (night).

Bedford (court), October 21st (night).

Peaksville, Bedford county, October 22d (afternoon).

Montvale, Bedford county, October 18th.

7:30 P. M.

Bedford (court), October 18th.

19th, 7:30 P. M.

Sedalia, Bedford county, October 20th.

7:30 P. M.

Halifax (court), October 24th.

Republican (court), Halifax county, October 24th (P. M.).

Mount Carmel, Halifax county, October 24th (P. M.).

South Boston, Halifax county, October 24th (P. M.).

Virginia, Halifax county, October 27th (P. M.).

Oak Level, Halifax county, October 27th (P. M.).

Clover, Halifax county, October 29th (P. M.).

Scottsboro, Halifax county, October 29th (P. M.).

HON. JOHN LAMB.

Hanover (court), October 19th.

Charles City (court), October 25th.

King William (court), October 25th.

West Point, October 25th (night).

HON. WILLIAM P. BARKSDALE.

Roanoke (court), October 17th.

Bedford (court), October 24th.

Montgomery (court), October 24th.

Charlottesville (court), November 7th.

HON. J. M. QUARLES.

Fairfield, October 24th (night).

Brownsville, October 25th (P. M.).

Kennedy's Schoolhouse, October 25th (night).

Natural Bridge, October 26th (night).

Amherst (court), October 17th.

Staunton (court), October 24th.

HON. J. M. QUARLES AND C. A. BOYCE, ESQ.

Pedlar Mills, Amherst county, October 18th (night).

Allwood, Amherst county, October 19th (afternoon).

Sandfields, Amherst county, October 19th (afternoon).

Lowesville, Amherst county, October 19th (night).

Massey's Mills, Nelson county, October 20th (afternoon).

Slaughter's, Nelson county, October 21st (afternoon).

HON. PEMBROKE PETTIT.

Nelson (court), October 24th.

JEFFERSON WALLACE, ESQ.

Goochland (court), October 17th.

Amherst (court), October 19th.

Went Kent (court), October 23th.

King William (court), October 25th.

HON. N. B. EARLY, JR.

Madison (court), October 2